PRELIMINARY STORM WATER MITIGATION PLAN

WOODMARK APARTMENTS

SEPTEMBER 2020 (REVISED DECEMBER 2020)

CIVIL DESIGN CONSULTANTS, INC. 2200 Range Avenue, Suite 204 Santa Rosa, CA 95403 (707) 542-4820



PRELIMINARY STORM WATER MITIGATION PLAN

FOR

WOODMARK APARTMENTS

Located at 7716 & 7760 Bodega Avenue Sebastopol, CA

> APN 060-230-067 APN 004-211-007

> > Prepared for

Sebastopol Pacific Associates 430 E. State Street, Suite 100 Eagle, ID 83616

September 2020 (Revised December 2020)



Prepared by

CIVIL DESIGN CONSULTANTS, INC. 2200 RANGE AVENUE, SUITE 204 SANTA ROSA, CA 95403

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Standard Maintenance/Monitoring Agreement

1 INTRODUCTION

The Woodmark Apartments project site is within the permit boundary of the recently adopted NPDES MS4 Storm Water Permit which regulates discharges into the watershed with the intent to reduce storm water pollution and protect the water quality of our local creeks and waterways and continue to promote groundwater recharge. The City of Sebastopol and the County of Sonoma have adopted the Storm Water Low Impact Development (LID) Technical Design Manual. This Preliminary Storm Water Mitigation Plan (PSWMP) was developed to show compliance with its requirements.

SUSMP requirements are part of the Storm Water Management Plan that is an enforceable part of the reissued municipal storm water National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the City of Sebastopol, the County of Sonoma and the Sonoma County Water Agency. Satisfying the SUSMP and the NPDES Permit will require meeting the following goals to the maximum extent practicable:

- 1. Prevent pollutants generated at the site from leaving the site.
- 2. Prevent increases in Storm Water runoff for the 85th percentile 24-hour storm.
- 3. Strive to maximize the amount of land left in a natural undisturbed condition.

This PSWMP will provide the following information:

- Project Description
- Pollution Prevention Measures
- Types of Best Management Practices (BMPs) selected to mitigate pollutants and provide volume capture
- Responsibility for BMP maintenance
- Location and design of BMPs (on project drawings)

2 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Woodmark Apartments project site is located at 7716 & 7760 Bodega Avenue. The property is located within the City of Sebastopol.

The Woodmark Apartments property contains an area of 3.59 acres and is the merger of two assessor parcels, APN 060-230-067 and APN 004-211-007. Each existing parcel contains a single family residence, peripheral structures and the remnants of an orchard.

The project is proposed by Sebastopol Pacific Associates as a dual-phased project. A total of 84 one-to-three bedroom units will be built in the six proposed buildings, along with a pergola, tot lot and bocce ball court.

The project will collect overland flow and route it to a series of proposed bio-retention beds with volume capture underground before entering the underground drainage system. This pre-treatment design feature shall not only remove pollutants, but also will reduce the amount of runoff by capturing and infiltrating storm water onsite. The bio-retention beds are proposed at various locations throughout the project site, providing treatment for the on-site tributaries. The purpose of these devices and their effect on the quality and quantity of runoff leaving the developed site will be further explained throughout this report.

The attached plan titled "Proposed PSWMP Exhibit" shows the proposed grading pattern for the project along with the tributary drainage areas and proposed bio-retention beds. Accompanying the plan are typical storm water bio-retention with volume capture details.

3 POLLUTION PREVENTION MEASURES

The roof drains of the apartment buildings will be disconnected from the storm drain system and some will surface flow to onsite bio-retention beds.

The project will incorporate a robust Landscape plan including interceptor trees that will be planted throughout the project.

The total tributary area used for volume capture calculations has been reduced by taking credit for disconnected roof drains and interceptor trees.

4 TYPES OF BMP'S SELECTED TO MITIGATE POLLUTANTS AND PROVIDE VOLUME CAPTURE

Best Management Practices (BMP's) are design features that address the quality and quantity of the storm waters that flow from a development. In most cases, these BMP's are used to mitigate a development's impact on the quality of storm water by treating or cleaning the storm water. Some controls have dual treatment control measure capabilities, not only treating, but also containing a required volume of storm water. The Woodmark Apartments project will implement bio-retention beds to mitigate pollutants and provide volume capture for the 85th percentile 24-hour storm. Volume capture is accomplished by incorporating an area for storm water storage beneath the bio-retention beds.

Bio-retention beds have been selected for this project because of their ability to remove pollutants through a variety of natural physical, biological and chemical treatment processes. These BMP's are considered a Low Impact Development (LID) device for treatment control. They have also been selected because they provide an excellent opportunity for the runoff to settle any suspended solids and remove hydrocarbons. Both of which have been identified as pollutants that can degrade the downstream receiving waters of the project. Compared to pipe networks, bio-retention beds with gravel storage areas will reduce runoff from the site and provide ground water recharge. For this project we have selected structural soil consisting of ¾ inch to 1-1/2 inch aggregate for the storage area which has a porosity of 30%. The structural soil will also provide an environment for landscaping to thrive. These mitigation measures provide the opportunity to reduce the peak flow in a basin. This project meets the Design Goal by achieving 100% volume capture.

5 RESPONSIBILITY FOR BMP MAINTENANCE

Treatment control devices serving the Woodmark Apartments project are located onsite. The property management company will be responsible for the surface and sub-surface oversight and maintenance of the treatment control devices located on the property.

Attached is a Draft of the Declaration of Covenants Regarding Maintenance of Storm Water BMP Facilities.



Part 1: Project Information

Santa Rosa 2017 Storm Water LID Determination Worksheet



PURPOSE AND APPLICABILITY: This determination worksheet is intended to satisfy the specific requirements of "ORDER NO. R1-2015-0030, NPDES NO. CA0025054 NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT AND WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCHARGES FROM THE MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEMS." Additional design requirements imposed by Governing Agencies, such as local grading ordinances, CAL Green, CEQA, 401 permitting, and hydraulic design for flood control still apply as appropriate. Additionally, coverage under another regulation may trigger the requirement to design in accordance with the Storm Water LID Technical Design Manual.

Woodmark Apartments	Caleb Roope
Project Name	Applicant (owner or developer) Name
7716 & 7760 Bodega Avenue	430 E. State Street, Suite 100
Project Site Address	Applicant Mailing Address
Sebastopol, CA 95472	Eagle, ID 83616
Project City/State/Zip	Applicant City/State/Zip
	208-461-0022
Permit Number(s) - (if applicable)	Applicant Phone/Email/Fax
Dennis Dalby	2200 Range Ave, Suite 204
Designer Name	Designer Mailing Address
Santa Rosa, CA 95403	(707) 542-4820
Designer City/State/Zip	Designer Phone/Email
Type of Application/Project:	
Subdivison Grading Permit Building Permit	Hillside Development
DesignReview Use Permit Encroachment	Time Extensions Other :
PART 2: Project Exemptions	
1. Is this a project that creates or replaces less than 10,000 sq	uare feet of impervious surface ¹ , including all project
phases and off-site improvements? Yes No	

1 Impervious surface replacement, such as the reconstruction of parking lots or excavation to roadway subgrades, is not a routine maintenance activity. Reconstruction is defined as work that replaces surfaces down to the subgrade. Overlays, resurfacing, trenching and patching are defined as maintenance activities per section VI.D.2.b.

Project Name

2017 Storm Water LID Determination Worksheet

Woodmark Apartments

hydraulic capacity, and original purpose of facility such as resurfacing existing roads and parking lots? Yes Ves No
3. Is this project a stand alone pedestrian pathway, trail or off-street bike lane? Yes No
4. Did you answer "YES" to any of the questions in Part 2?
YES: This project will <i>not</i> need to incorporate permanent Storm Water BMP's as required by the NPDES MS4 Permit. Please complete the "Exemption Signature Section" on Page 4.
NO: Please complete the remainder of this worksheet.
Part 3: Project Triggers
Projects that Trigger Requirements: Please answer the following questions to determine whether this project requires permanent Storm Water BMP' and the submittal of a SW LIDs as required by the NPDES MS4 Permit order No. R1-2015-0030.
 Does this project create or replace a combined total of 10,000 square feet or more of impervious surface¹ including all project phases and off-site improvements? Yes No
2. Does this project create or replace a combined total or 10,000 square feet or more of impervious streets, roads, highways, or freeway construction or reconstruction ³ ? Yes No
3. Does this project create or replace a combined total of 1.0 acre or more of impervious surface ¹ including all project phases and off-site improvements? Yes No
4. Did you answer "YES" to any of the above questions in Part 3?
YES: This project will need to incorporate permanent Storm Water BMP's as required by the NPDES MS4 Permit. Please complete remainder of worksheet and sign the "Acknowledgement Signature Section" on Page 4.
NO: This project will <i>not</i> need to incorporate permanent Storm Water BMP's as required by the NPDES MS4 permit. Please complete the "Exemption Signature Section" on Page 4.

¹ Imprevious surface replacement, such as the reconstruction of parking lots or excavation to roadway subgrades, is not a routine maintence activity. Reconstruction is defined as work that replaces surfaces down to the subgrade. Overlays, resurfacint, trenching and patching are defined as maintenance activities per section VI.D.2.b.

^{2 &}quot;Rountine Maintenance Activity" includes activities such as overlays and/or resurfacing of existing roads or parking lots as well as trenching and patching activities and reroofing activities per section VI.D.2.b.

^{3 &}quot;Reconstruction" is defined as work that extends into the subgrade of a pavement per section VI.D.2.b.

Woodmark Apartments

Part 4: Project Description

1. Total Project area: 3.6 square feet acres				
2. Existing land use(s): (check all that apply)				
Commercial Industrial Residential Public Other Description of buildings, significant site features (creeks, wetlands, heritage trees), etc.:				
The project site contains two assessor parcels, APN 060-230-067 and APN 004-211-007, which will be merged. Each existing parcel contains a single family residence, peripheral structures and the remnants of an orchard. Heritage oak trees along the north and northwest boundary will be preserved.				
3. Existing impervious surface area: 0.27 square feet 4. Proposed Land Use(s): (check all that apply)				
Commercial Industrial Residential Public Other Description of buildings, significant site features (creeks, wetlands, heritage trees), etc.:				
The project proposes to construct a total of 84 one-to-three bedroom units built in the six proposed buildings, along with a pergola, tot lot, bocce ball court, and vehicular driveway and parking spaces to support the development.				
5. Existing impervious surface area: 2.5 square feet acres				

Woodmark Apartments

Acknowledgment Signature Section:

As the property owner or developer, I understand that this project is required to implement permanent Storm Water Best Management Practices and provide a Storm Water Low Impact Development Submittal (SW LIDS) as required by the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) Permit Order No. R1-2015-0030. *Any unknown responses must be resolved to determine if the project is subject to these requirements.

Applicant Signature

Date

Exemption Signature Section:

As the property owner or developer, I understand that this project as currently designed does not require permanent Storm Water BMP's nor the submittal of a Storm Water Low Impact Development Submittal (SW LIDS) as required by the City's National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4) Permit*. I understand that redesign may require submittal of a new Determination Worksheet and may require permanent Storm Water BMP's.

Applicant Signature

Date

* This determination worksheet is intended to satisfy the specific requirements of "ORDER NO. R1-2015-0030, NPDES NO. CA0025054 NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) PERMIT AND WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR DISCHARGES FROM THE MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEMS." Additional design requirements imposed by Governing Agencies, such as local grading ordinances, CAL Green, CEQA, 401 permitting, and hydraulic design for flood control still apply as appropriate. Additionally, coverage under another regulation may trigger the requirement to design in accordance with the Storm Water LID Technical Design Manual.

Implementation Requirements: All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at: www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID

Hydromodification Control/100% Volume Capture: Capture (infiltration and/or reuse) of 100% of the volume of runoff generated by a 1.0" 24-hour storm event, as calculated using the "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds" TR-55 Manual method. This is a retention requirement.

Treatment Requirement: Treatment of 100% of the flow calculated using the modified Rational Method and a known intensity of 0.20 inches per hour.

Delta Volume Capture Requirement: Capture (infiltration and/or reuse) of the increase in volume of storm water due to development generated by a 1.0" 24-hour storm event, as calculated using the "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds" TR-55 Manual method. This is a retention requirement.



DESIGN CONSULTANTS,

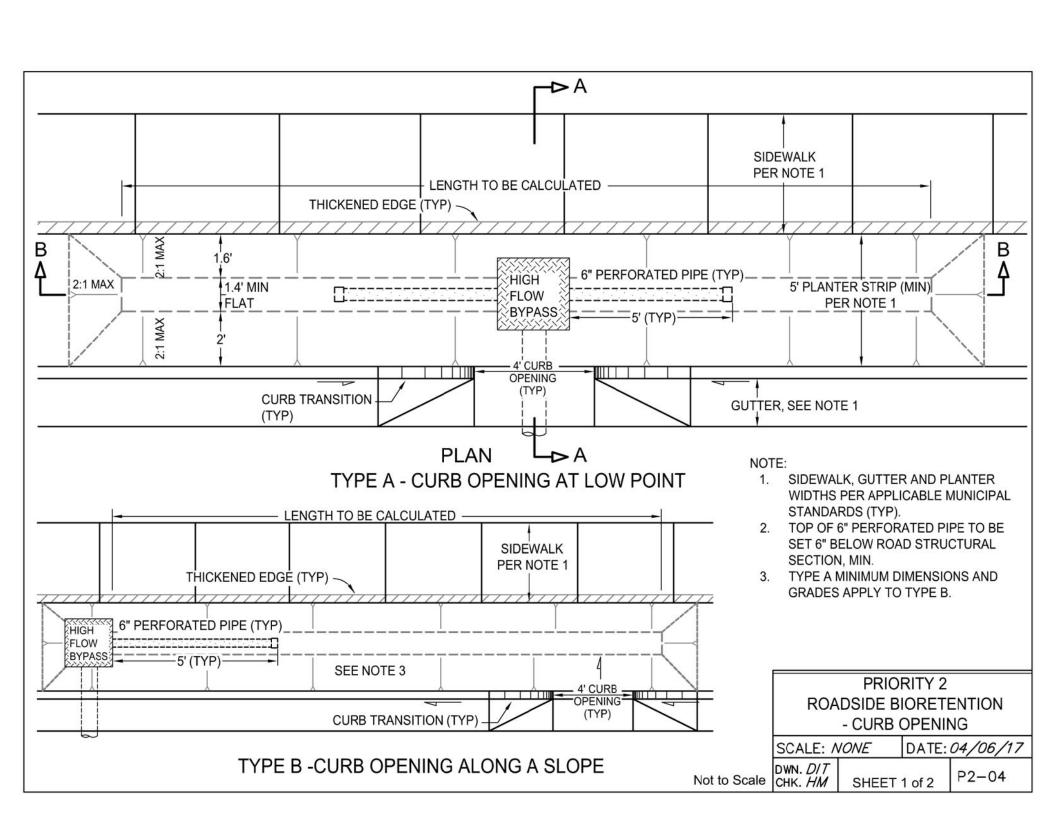
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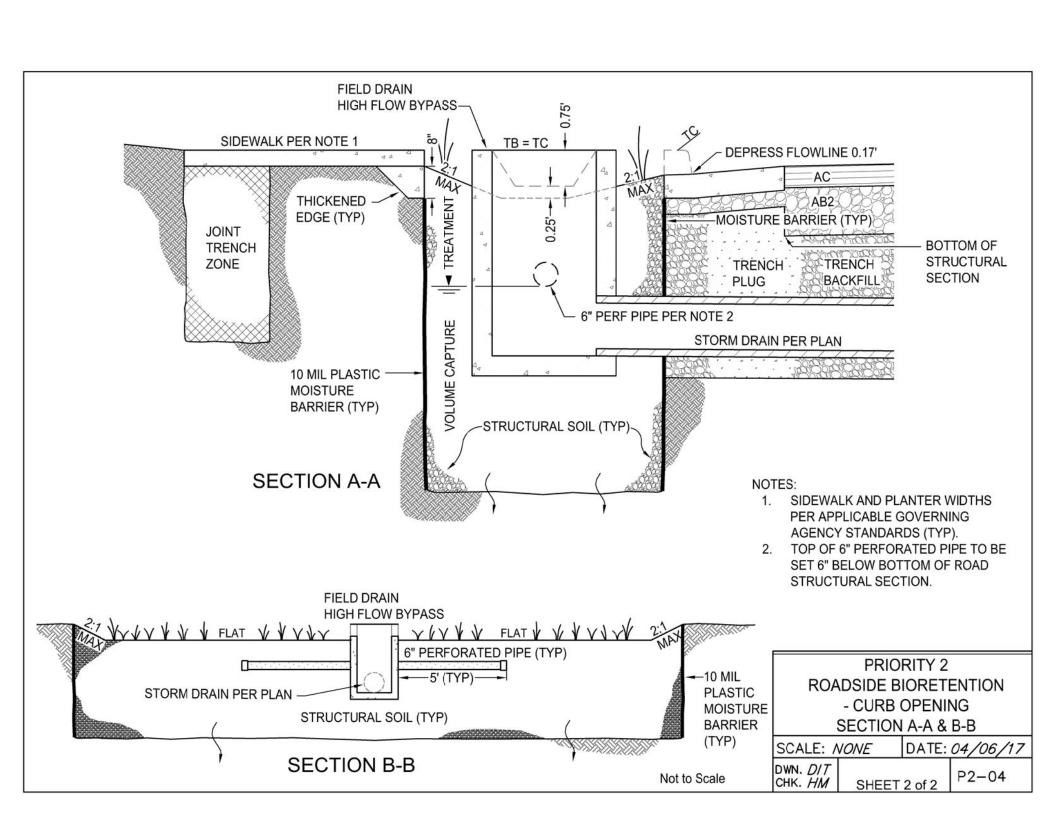
APARTMENTS

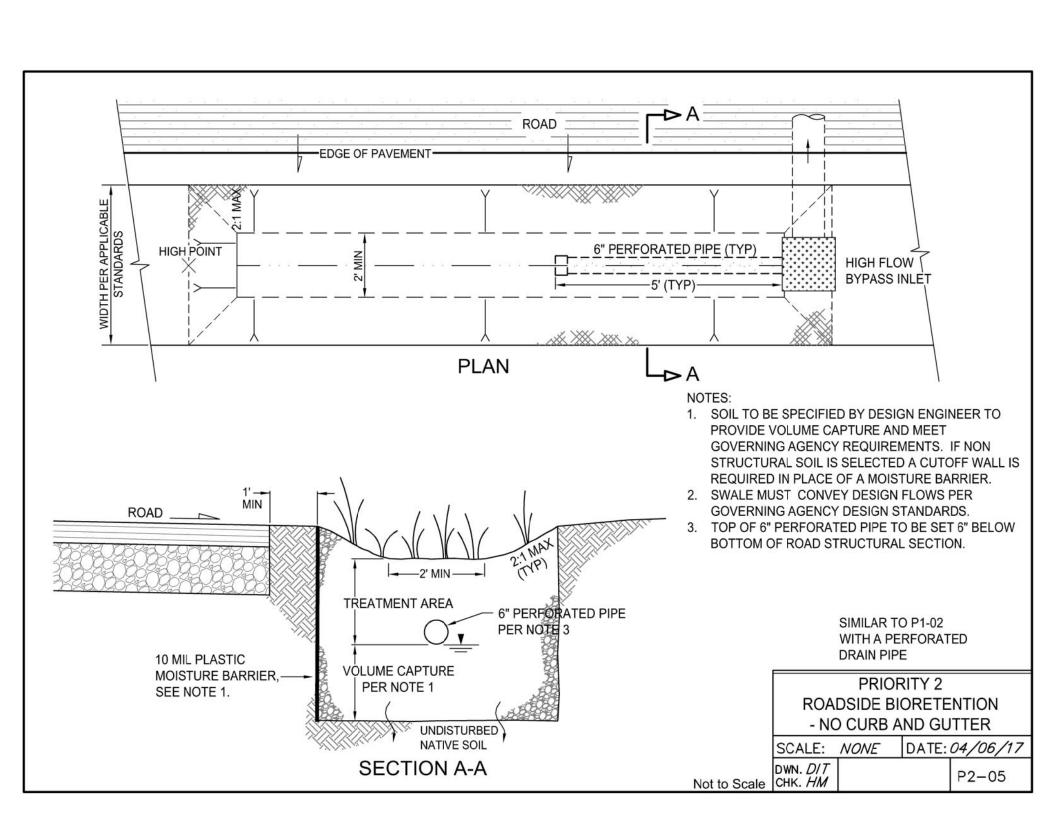
PROPOSED P ODMARK 776 AND 776

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19-119 SHEET NO.









Project In	formation:				Site Information:			-			nd post deve	
Project Name: Woodmark Apartments			Mean Seasonal Precipitation (MSP) of P	roject Site:	30.00	(inches)			ost constru	ction BM		
Add	Address/Location: 7716 & 7760 Bodega Avenue		K=MSP/30	K=	1.00]	requiremen	IT IS:				
	Designer:		ру					,				
	Date:	12/4/2020			Impervious area - pre development:		11,761.0		100%	Capture	e & Trea	atment
					Impervious area - post development:		106,912.0	ft²				
				Su	mmary of Saved BMP Results:							
								ВМР	Design Re	sults		
	Tributa	ry Area	y Area Requ		ements		Hydromodification					
							Cor	ntrol	Flow Base	Treatment	Delta Volu	me Captui
		Runoff					Demiliand		Required			
BMP ID:	Tributary	Reduction Measures				Percent	Required V _{Hydromod}	Achieved	Q Treatment	Achieved	Required	Achieve
	Area (ft ² .)	(Y/N)	Type of Requirement Met		Type of BMP Design	Achieved	(ft ³)	(ft ³)	(cfs)	(ft ³)	Vdelta (ft ³)	(ft ³)
TRIB 1	13,299	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-04 Ro	adside Bioretention - Curb Opening	101.2	344.2743		,		,	
TRIB 2	28,779	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-04 Ro	adside Bioretention - Curb Opening	100.8	698.5040	704.3400				
TRIB 3	11,198	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-04 Ro	adside Bioretention - Curb Opening	101.4	203.3778	206.1900				
TRIB 4	32,501	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-04 Ro	adside Bioretention - Curb Opening	101.9	762.6667	776.8531				
TRIB 5	3,033	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	125.6	66.1378	83.1000				
TRIB 6	4,255	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	103.3	99.3135	102.6000				
TRIB 7	9,178	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	101.4	221.3135	224.4000				
TRIB 8	6,014	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	104.4	144.8199	151.1250				
TRIB 9	3,200	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	104.5	75.7996	79.2000				
TRIB 10	35,470	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-05 Ro	adside Bioretention - No Curb AND Gutter	101.6	860.5390	874.1250				
TRIB 11	6,978	Yes	Hydromod Volume Capture	Priority 2: P2-04 Ro	adside Bioretention - Curb Opening	105.5	172.8978	182.3250				

Release 8 Draft Rev. 5 5/6/2021



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project Na	ame: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 1	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-04 Roadside Bioretention - Curb	Opening
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	13,299.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced Tr	ibutary Area used for BMP sizing = 12,899.0 ft²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 400.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees :		v trees in BMP Tributary Area: 4
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees : Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	4 0.0 ft ²	
	0.0 μτ	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Select disconnection condition	
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		of Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	0 ft ² Percent	of rooftop area: 0 % Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Barra I Arras Birasanna adian		Sciect Delisity. Office per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Select paved area type 0.0 ft ²	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 m	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = \frac{344.27}{\text{ft}^3}$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration (transmission) rate	•
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST:}	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Red	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 101.22 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	1.92 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	605.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project N	ame: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 2	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-04 Roadside Bioretention - Curb	Opening
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	28,779.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced T	ributary Area used for BMP sizing = 26,171.0 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 2,608.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:		w trees in BMP Tributary Area: 11
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	11	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy:	3,016.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Select disconnection condition	
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		oof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	0 ft ² Percent	of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture: VHYDROMOD	$V_{HYDROMOD} = 698.50 \text{ ft}^3$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	•	
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST:}	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Red	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 100.84 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Dornoit :	Below Ground	Water Above
Porosity: Depth below perforated pipe if present:	0.30 2.58 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	910.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project N	ame: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 3	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-04 Roadside Bioretention - Curb	Opening
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	11,198.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced Tr	ibutary Area used for BMP sizing = 7,620.0 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 3,578.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:		w trees in BMP Tributary Area: 7
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	7	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy:	0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Select disconnection condition	
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		pof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	2,878 ft ² Percent	of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; VHYDROMOD	$V_{HYDROMOD} = 203.38 \text{ ft}^3$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:		
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST:}	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Red	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 101.38 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Dornoiti II	Below Ground	Water Above
Porosity: Depth below perforated pipe if present:	0.30 1.58 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	435.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project N	ame: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 4	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-04 Roadside Bioretention - Curb	Opening
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	32,501.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced Ti	ributary Area used for BMP sizing = 28,575.0 ft ² Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 3,926.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trace		Total Kulloli Reduction Measures = 3,920.0
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees : Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	0 Total Number of Ne	w trees in BMP Tributary Area: 12
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy:		
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Select disconnection condition	
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		pof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:		of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = \frac{762.67}{\text{ft}^3}$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:		e
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	_
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Re	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 101.86 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above Ground
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	1.33 ft	Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	1,947.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project	Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 5	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bioretention - No	Curb AND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	3,033.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced	Tributary Area used for BMP sizing = 2,478.0 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 555.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:	0 Total Number of N	l <u>ew</u> trees in BMP Tributary Area:
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	4	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Runoff is directed across landscape; Width of	area: 5' to 9'
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		Roof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	620 ft ² Perce	nt of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = \frac{66.14}{\text{ft}^3}$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration (transmission) r	ate
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Re	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 125.65 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above Ground
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	1.00 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	277.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project	Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 6	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bioretention - No	Curb AND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	4,255.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced	Tributary Area used for BMP sizing = 3,721.0 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 534.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:	0 Total Number of N	l <u>ew</u> trees in BMP Tributary Area:
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	3	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Runoff is directed across landscape; Width of	area: 5' to 9'
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		Roof Drains Meth <u>od 2</u>
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	936 ft ² Perce	nt of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = 99.31 \text{ ft}^3$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration (transmission) r	ate
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Re	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 103.31 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above Ground
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	2.00 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	171.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project I	Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 7	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bioretention - No (Curb AND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	9,178.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced T	ributary Area used for BMP sizing = 8,291.8 ft²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 886.3 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees :		ew trees in BMP Tributary Area: 3
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees : Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	3 0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains	0.0 III	
	Runoff is directed across landscape; Width of	even. El to Ol
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1 Roof area of disconnected downspouts:		t of rooftop area: 0 %
Roof area of disconnected downspouts.	2,343 III Feicei	Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		, <u> </u>
	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces	··	
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture: Vuyppomop	$V_{HYDROMOD} = $
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:		
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST:}	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Red	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 101.39 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	2.75 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	272.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project	Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 8	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bioretention - No	Curb AND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	6,014.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced	Fributary Area used for BMP sizing = 5,425.5 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 588.5 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:	0 Total Number of N	ew trees in BMP Tributary Area: 2
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	2	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Runoff is directed across landscape; Width of	area: 5' to 9'
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1	Disconnected F	Roof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	1,554 ft ² Percei	nt of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = 144.82 \text{ ft}^3$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration (transmission) ra	ate
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Re	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 104.35 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	3.25 ft	Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	155.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters	Project	Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 9	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bioretention - No	Curb AND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	3,200.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced	Tributary Area used for BMP sizing = 2,840.0 ft ²
		Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 360.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees:	0 Total Number of N	New trees in BMP Tributary Area:
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees :	2	
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :	0.0 ft ²	
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Runoff is directed across landscape; Width o	f area: 5' to 9'
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		Roof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	640 ft ² Perce	ent of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = $
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration (transmission) r	ate
Post development ground cover description:	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Red	quirement	Percent of Goal Achieved = 104.49 %
	BMP Volume	Ponded
Porosity:	Below Ground 0.30	Water Above Ground
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	2.00 ft	Depth: 0.00 ft
Width:	0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft	Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	132.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²

Santa Rosa WATER

BMP Tributary Parameters		Project Name:	Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 10		
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment		
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-05 Roadside Bio	oretention - No Curb Al	ND Gutter
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	35,470.0 ft ²		
Description/Notes:	·		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resu	Iting reduced Tributa	ry Area used for BMP sizing = 32,241.8 ft ²
		Tota	al Runoff Reduction Measures = 3,228.3 ft ²
Interceptor Trees			
Number of <i>new</i> interceptor <i>Evergreen Trees</i> :	0 T	otal Number of New tree	s in BMP Tributary Area: 18
Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees:	18		
Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy:	0.0 ft ²		
Disconnected Roof Drains			
Select disconnection condition:	Runoff is directed across lands	scape; Width of area:	5' to 9'
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		Disconnected Roof Dr	ains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	5,713 ft ²	Percent of roo	oftop area: 0 %
		Selec	ct Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection			
Paved Area Type:	Select paved area type		
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²		
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces			
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²		
Hydromodification Requirement: 100%	Volume Capture; V _{HYDRON}	1OD	V _{HYDROMOD} = 860.54 ft ³
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:	C: 0.05 - 0.15 in/hr infiltration ((transmission) rate	
Post development ground cover description:			
CN _{POST} :	90		
User Composite post development CN:	0.0		
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Re	quirement		Percent of Goal Achieved = 101.58 %
	BMP Volume		Ponded
Danaik	Below Ground		Water Above
Porosity: Depth below perforated pipe if present:	0.30 3.75 ft		Ground Depth: 0.00 ft
Deptit below perforated pipe if present. Width:	0.00 ft		Width: 0.00 ft
Length:	0.00 ft		Length: 0.00 ft
Area:	777.00 ft ²		Area: 0.00 ft ²



BMP Tributary Parameters		ct Name: Woodmark Apartments
BMP ID:	TRIB 11	
BMP Design Criteria:	Delta Volume & Treatment	
Type of BMP Design:	Priority 2: P2-04 Roadside Bioretention - Cu	urb Opening
BMP's Physical Tributary Area:	6,978.0 ft ²	
Description/Notes:		
Runoff Reduction Measures	Resulting reduced	Tributary Area used for BMP sizing = 6,478.0 ft ² Total Runoff Reduction Measures = 500.0 ft ²
Interceptor Trees		
Number of new interceptor Evergreen Trees : Number of new interceptor Deciduous Trees : Square footage of qualifying existing tree canopy :		New trees in BMP Tributary Area: 5
Disconnected Roof Drains		
Select disconnection condition:	Select disconnection condition	
Disconnected Roof Drains Method 1		Roof Drains Method 2
Roof area of disconnected downspouts:	0 ft ² Perc	ent of rooftop area: 0 %
		Select Density: 1 Units per Acre
Paved Area Disconnection		
•	Select paved area type	
Alternatively designed paved area:	0.0 ft ²	
Buffer Strips & Bovine Terraces		
Area draining to a Buffer Strip or Bovine Terrace:	0.0 ft ²	
Hydromodification Requirement: 100% \	Volume Capture; V _{HYDROMOD}	$V_{HYDROMOD} = \frac{172.90}{\text{ft}^3}$
Post development hydrologic soil type within tributary area:		rate
	Residential - 1/8 acre or less (town houses)	
CN _{POST} :	90	
User Composite post development CN:	0.0	
BMP Sizing Tool: Hydromodification Rec		Percent of Goal Achieved = 105.45 %
	BMP Volume Below Ground	Ponded Water Above
Porosity:	0.30	Ground
Depth below perforated pipe if present:	2.75 ft	Depth: 0.00 ft
Width: Length:	0.00 ft 0.00 ft	Width: 0.00 ft Length: 0.00 ft
Lengin. Area:	221.00 ft ²	Area: 0.00 ft ²



MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout

Borrow Pit

36 Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit

Gravelly Spot

Landfill ۵

Lava Flow

Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot 0

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

Spoil Area

â Stony Spot

0 Very Stony Spot

Wet Spot Other

Special Line Features

Water Features

Δ

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails ---

Interstate Highways

US Routes

Major Roads

Local Roads

Background

Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:20.000.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL:

Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Sonoma County, California Survey Area Data: Version 14, May 29, 2020

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50.000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Jul 1, 2018—Jul 31. 2018

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
GdD	Goldridge fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	2.0	56.5%
SbD	Sebastopol sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes	1.5	43.5%
Totals for Area of Interest	•	3.5	100.0%

Sonoma County, California

GdD—Goldridge fine sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hfcz Elevation: 200 to 2,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 57 degrees F

Frost-free period: 225 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Goldridge and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Goldridge

Setting

Landform: Hills

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Residuum weathered from sandstone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 24 inches: fine sandy loam H2 - 24 to 28 inches: sandy clay loam H3 - 28 to 72 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 9 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20 to 0.57 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: Moderate (about 8.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Cotati

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Sebastopol

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Blucher

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Sonoma County, California Survey Area Data: Version 14, May 29, 2020

Sonoma County, California

SbD—Sebastopol sandy loam, 9 to 15 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: hfjd Elevation: 100 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 200 to 240 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Sebastopol and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of

the mapunit.

Description of Sebastopol

Setting

Landform: Terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Alluvium derived from sedimentary rock

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: sandy loam
H2 - 8 to 12 inches: sandy clay loam

H3 - 12 to 43 inches: clay
H4 - 43 to 62 inches: clay loam
H5 - 62 to 72 inches: sandy clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 9 to 15 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Drainage class: Well drained Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water

(Ksat): Moderately low to moderately high (0.06 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Available water capacity: High (about 9.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): 4e Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Blucher

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Goldridge

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Cotati

Percent of map unit: 4 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Pajaro

Percent of map unit: 3 percent Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Sonoma County, California Survey Area Data: Version 14, May 29, 2020

BMP Selection Table

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Detail Title	N/A	N/A	N/A	Vegetated Buffer Strip	Bovine Terrace	N/A
Detail Sheet	N/A	N/A	N/A	UN-01	UN-02	
Best Management Practice (BMP) Detail Sheet Detail Title	Living Roof	Rainwater Harvesting	ptor	ated Buffer	Bovine Terrace	Impervious Area Disconnection
	Unving Rainwa Harves Universal LID Trees Features- to be Vegeta considered on Strip all projects. Bovine					

BMP Selection Table

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Best Management Practice (BMP) Detail Sheet Detail Title	P2-01 Rain Garden	Roadside	P2-02 Bioretinton -	Roadside	Roadside	P2-03 Bioretenion- Contiguous SW		-04 Bioretenion- Curb Opening	Roadside	-05 Bioretenion- No C & G		Buffer Strip	A/N/A
Best Management Practice (BMP)	Rain Garden P2-		P2.			Roadside		P2-04		P2-05	Pervious P2-06		Constructed N/A Wetlands
	Priority 2 BMPs- with subsurface drains installed above the capture volume.												

FACT SHEET- IMPERVIOUS AREA DISCONNECTION

Runoff Reduction Measure

IMPERVIOUS AREA DISCONNECTION

Including: splash blocks, rain chains, bubble up emitters, and pavement disconnection.







OVERVIEW

Impervious area disconnection allows storm water from impervious areas, such as rooftops and pavement, to be directed to pervious natural or landscaped areas and infiltrate into the soil. Impervious surfaces that drain directly to catch basins or storm drains are a directly connected impervious area. These areas prevent storm water infiltration into the soil or filtering through vegetation and soil. Impervious areas also increase the speed and amount of runoff from a site, which may contribute to peak flows and scour in downstream creeks and waterways.

This BMP addresses these issues by disconnecting direct discharges by using: splash blocks, bubble-up emitter, and paved area disconnection.

DOWNSPOUT DISCONNECTION- DESCRIPTION

Disconnecting downspouts and using splash blocks or rain chains is a low tech option to hard piped downspout systems. Existing downspouts can be retrofitted.

ADVANTAGES

- Reduces the size of downstream storm water BMPs.
- Can be used on sloped sites.
- Increases infiltration potential.
- Increases time of concentration.

FACT SHEET- IMPERVIOUS AREA DISCONNECTION

Can be used as a retrofit BMP.

LIMITATIONS

- Adjacent buildings need to be considered in design.
- Ultimate storm water collection needs to be considered in design.
- May not be appropriate on all sites due to space constraints.

KEY DESIGN FEATURES

- Sites should be evaluated to ensure disconnecting downspouts won't have negative impacts.
- Rain water must be directed away from foundations and footings.
- Downspouts should not be directed to paved areas or across sidewalks.
- Landscaped areas receiving roof water should be adequately sized to prevent runoff or erosion and to allow for infiltration.
- All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.



BUBBLE-UP EMITTER-DESCRIPTION

Bubble-up emitters work very much like disconnected downspouts with splash blocks, but allow for storm water to be released further from the building or into landscape areas that are not directly adjacent to the building.

ADVANTAGES

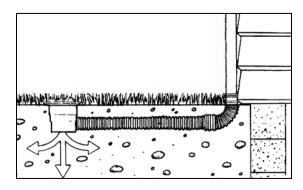
- Reduces the size of downstream storm water BMPs.
- Takes water away from buildings.
- Increases infiltration potential.
- Increases time of concentration.
- Can be used as a retrofit BMP.

LIMITATIONS

- Adjacent buildings need to be considered in design.
- Ultimate storm water collection needs to be considered in design.
- May not be appropriate on all sites due to space constraints.

KEY DESIGN FEATURES

- Rain water must be directed away from foundations and footings.
- Downspouts should not be directed to paved areas or across sidewalks.
- 4" diameter SDR-35 pipe required as a minimum.



FACT SHEET- IMPERVIOUS AREA DISCONNECTION

Runoff Reduction Measure

- Distance and location of emitter relative to the building must be approved by a Licensed Geotechnical Engineer.
- Landscaped areas receiving roof water should be adequately sized to prevent runoff or erosion and allow for infiltration.
- Landscaped areas receiving roof water need to be designed to ensure proper drainage and to prevent ponding water.
- May be installed with a bottomless emitter to allow for infiltration. Bottom of emitter should be placed over drain rock to prevent sedimentation of pipe.
- Emitter should be equipped with "pop up" cover to prevent mosquito breeding.
- All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.



PAVED AREA DISCONNECTION-DESCRIPTION

Paved areas that can be graded so that they drain onto pervious area, such as landscape or natural area can increase the opportunity for infiltration and minimize the size of downstream treatment.

ADVANTAGES

- Reduces the size of downstream storm water BMPs.
- Increases infiltration potential.
- Increases time of concentration.

LIMITATIONS

- Areas receiving flow need to be adequately sized and stabilized.
- Ultimate storm water collection needs to be considered in design.
- May not be appropriate on all sites due to space constraints.
- May be limited by site slopes.

KEY DESIGN FEATURES

- Rain water must be directed away from foundations and footings.
- Downspouts should not be directed to paved areas or across sidewalks.
- Landscaped areas receiving roof water should be adequately sized to prevent runoff or erosion and to allow for infiltration.
- All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.

FACT SHEET- INTERCEPTOR TREES

Runoff Reduction Measure

INTERCEPTOR TREES

Also known as: Tree Credits





DESCRIPTION

Interceptor trees are new or existing trees with their trunks located within 25' of impervious areas. Trees intercept rain water on their leaves and branches, allowing rain water to evaporate or run down the branches and trunk of the tree where it readily infiltrates into the soil. Tree roots also increase infiltration. Trees also provide shade over impervious surfaces which reduce peak flow in streams and provide shade which reduces the "heat island" effects of urban areas.

Interceptor tree credits are calculated into the site design by reducing the amount of tributary area that must be used to calculate treatment and volume capture. New deciduous trees provide a credit of 100 ft², new evergreen trees provide 200 ft², and existing trees provide one half of the existing canopy. The total area reduction credit due to the use of interceptor trees cannot exceed one half of the total physical tributary area. All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.



FACT SHEET- INTERCEPTOR TREES

ADVANTAGES

- Reduces the size of downstream storm water BMPs.
- Enhances water quality of downstream water bodies through natural processes.
- Aesthetically pleasing.
- Provides shade to cool pavement and reduces surface runoff temperatures.
- Aids in removal of air pollutants and noise reduction.
- Trees required by the permitting agency may be counted as interceptor trees.
- Establishes habitat for birds and other pollinators like butterflies and bees.

KEY DESIGN FEATURES

- Appropriate new trees must be selected from the approved Tree List included in Appendix G.
- Existing trees must be adequately protected during construction.
- Only tree that overhang impervious areas or who's trunks are within 25' of impervious areas can qualify as interceptor trees.
- All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

A maintenance plan shall be provided with the Final SWLID Submittal. The maintenance plan shall include recommended maintenance practices, state the parties responsible for maintenance and upkeep, specify the funding source for ongoing maintenance with provisions for full replacement when necessary, and provide site specific inspection checklist.

At a minimum inspection and maintenance shall include the following:

- Annual inspection prior to the rainy season.
- Annual proper watering and application of mulch.
- Routine pruning and weeding as needed.
- Replacement of trees as needed.

FACT SHEET- BIORETENTION

BIORETENTION

Also know as: Rain garden, roadside bioretention, and bioretention cell







DESCRIPTION

The bioretention area best management practice (BMP) functions as a soil and plant-based filtration and infiltration feature that removes pollutants through a variety of natural physical, biological, and chemical treatment processes.

ADVANTAGES

- Can be designed to achieve Treatment, Delta Volume Capture, or Hydromodification requirements.
- Enhances water quality of downstream water bodies through natural processes.
- Aesthetically pleasing.
- The vegetation can provide shade and wind breaks, absorbs noise, reduces heat island effects and improves an area's landscape.
- Provides habitat for birds and attracts other pollinators like butterflies and bees.
- Does not interrupt utility installation.
- Does not interfere with tree planting.

FACT SHEET- BIORETENTION

LIMITATIONS

- Specialized design is required for areas where street slopes exceed 10%.
- Should not be used in areas of know contamination. If soil and/or groundwater contamination is present on the site or within a 100' radius of the proposed BMP location, the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board will need to be contacted and the site reviewed.
- Should not be used in areas of high groundwater. In general a minimum of 2' of clearance should be provided between the bottom of the bioretention cell and seasonal high groundwater.
- Should not be used in areas of slope instability where infiltrated storm water may cause failure. Slope stability should be determined by a licensed geotechnical engineer.
- Do not use in locations that can negatively impact building foundation or footings. Location shall be approved by a licensed Geotechnical Engineer.

KEY DESIGN FEATURES

ALL BIORETENTION

- Structural soil should be used within the bioretention area requiring load bearing capacity (adjacent to roadways and/or buildings).
- Structural soil, if used, shall be installed as described in Appendix E.
- Some BMPs may not require the use of structural soil and a more organic type planting soil and/or treatment media may be used in its place. It may be possible in some cases to use native soil or to amend the native soil so that it is suitable. Use of non-structural soil will depend on evaluation of the criteria in "Chapter 4-Site Assessment" as well as consideration of structural needs and may require evaluation by a licensed Geotechnical Engineer.
- Underlining native soil should remain un-compacted to preserve infiltration capacity. Fence off the area during construction to protect it from compaction.
- Bottom of bioretention should be un-lined to allow infiltration into native soil.
- Moisture barrier must be installed vertically to protect road sub-base and any trenches adjacent to the bioretention area.
- If used, pervious concrete shall be designed and installed as described in Appendix E and protected during construction to prevent sediment loading.
- If the porous gutter design option is used additional trash and sediment capture BMPs is required.
- A curb opening type design may be used in place of a porous gutter if appropriate for the project and does not require additional trash capture.
- Bioretention areas shall be planted with plants from the approved Plant List and Tree **List** included in Appendix F and shall be planted to achieve 51% cover.
- All bioretention areas shall be designed with a designated high flow bypass inlet for storms larger than the design storm.

FACT SHEET- BIORETENTION

- For designs that include perforated pipe, the 6" perforated pipe must be installed a minimum of 6" below the adjacent road structural section.
- Perforated pipe shall be installed in straight runs only.
- The volume below the perforated pipe must be sufficient to hold and infiltrate the design volume.

SIZING DESIGN- GOAL AND REQUIREMENTS

- For all projects: The treatment component requires that all of the runoff generated by this water quality design storm from impermeable surfaces must be treated on site for the pollutants of concern.
- For projects that increase the amount of impervious surface, but create or replace less than a total of one acre: The Delta Volume Capture component requires that any increase in volume due to development for the water quality design storm must be infiltrated and/or reused on site. Further discussion of the Treatment and Delta Volume Capture requirements and the accompanying formulas can be found in Chapter 6.
- For projects that create or replace one acre or more of impervious surface: These larger projects must mitigate their impacts by meeting the Hydromodification Requirement by capturing 100% of the post development volume generated by the water quality rain event.
- All calculations shall be completed using the "Storm Water Calculator" available at www.srcity.org/stormwaterLID.

INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

A maintenance plan shall be provided with the Final SWLID Submittal. The maintenance plan shall include recommended maintenance practices, state the parties responsible for maintenance and upkeep, specify the funding source for ongoing maintenance with provisions for full replacement when necessary and provide site specific inspection checklist.

At a minimum maintenance shall include the following:

- Dry street sweeping upon completion of construction
- Dry street sweeping annually, and
 - When water is observed flowing in the gutter during a low intensity storm.
 - o Algae is observed in the gutter.
 - Sediment/debris covers 1/3 of the gutter width or more.
- Inspect twice annually for sedimentation and trash accumulation in the gutter. Obstructions and trash shall be removed and properly disposed of.
- Inspect twice during the rainy season for ponded water.
- Pesticides and fertilizers shall not be used in the bioretention area.
- Plants should be pruned, weeds pulled and dead plants replaced as needed.

Form A Storm Water Quality Feature Maintenance Check List - Standard Conditions -

Are there any special conditions and/or maintenance requirements noted for BMP(s)? Y N (circle one) If Yes, attach Form B for Project. Drainage Drawdown - Drainage - Vector Risk - Pump Out-Blockage Reference code D1 D2 D3 D4 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 Dainage Vegetation Excessive Mowing - Herbicide Overus Health of Desired Vegetation - Vegetation	* = Refer to Form B (Specials) and/or Form C (Notes). General Trash and Debris - Improper Modifications - Damage G1 G2 G4 S	
Are there any special conditions and/or maintenance requirements noted for BMP(s)? Y N (circle one) If Yes, attach Form B for Project. Drainage Drawdown - Drainage - Vector Risk - Pump Out-Blockage Reference code D1 D2 D3 D4 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 Dainage Vegetation Excessive Mowing - Herbicide Overus Health of Desired Vegetation - Vegetation	and/or Form C (Notes). General Feature Modifications - Damage G1 G2 G4 S	
Are there any special conditions and/or maintenance requirements noted for BMP(s)? Y N (circle one) If Yes, attach Form B for Project. Drainage Drawdown - Drainage - Vector Risk - Pump Out-Blockage Reference code D1 D2 D3 D4 E1 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 V1 V2 V3 V1 V2 V3 V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V1 V6 V6	General Trash and Debris - Improper Modifications - Damage G1 G2 G4 S	
Drainage Drawdown - Drainage - Vector Risk - Pump Out- Blockage Reference code D1 D2 D3 D4 Erosion Vegetation Excessive Mowing - Herbicide Overus Hydraulic Function - Failure - Sediment Clogging Excessive Mowing - Herbicide Overus Health of Desired Vegetation - Vegetation Excessive Mowing - Herbicide Overus Health of Desired Vegetation - V1 V2 V3 V1 V2 V3 V	e - Trash and Debris - Improper Modifications - Damage G1 G2 G4 S	
Blockage Hydraulic Function - Failure - Sediment Clogging Health of Desired Vegetation - Reference code D1 D2 D3 D4 E1 E2 E3 E4 E5 E6 V1 V2 V3 V	e - Trash and Debris - Improper Modifications - Damage G1 G2 G4 S	
ding of 72 hours 72 hours on in or as curbs sa? sa? sa? sa? port of m? citivity? citivity? citivity? sand/or sand/or rect	(()	
Evidence of standing or ponding of water in the BMP area after 72 hours of dry weather? Does the high flow bypass function as designed? Is there sediment acumination in or actinent acumination of its there actined to washouts allow intensity storm? Is there under cutting or washouts abuting the planter area? Is there actined ong the length of the planter area? Is there accumulation of sediment (sand, dirt, mud) in the planter area? Observed or potential transport of mulch to drainage system? Are there evidence of animal activity? Is there evidence of animal activity? Is there evidence of animal activity? Are there evidence of animal activity? Is there evidence of animal activity? Are there evidence of animal activity? Evidence of Excessive Moving and/or excessive weeds?	Is there debris/trash accumulation in the BMP or high flow by pass? Wissing or damage structural features? (Grates, pipes, walls, curbs, etc.) Evidence of improper modifications or removal of BMP? See Additional Special Conditions or Features Check List Requirement Features	Form B

Re-Inspection Required:

Page _

Complete:

Issues Corrective Action:

Storm Water Quality Special Feature Maintenence Check List

Date:		-		Inspector:				Inspection St	atus Codes:		
Start Time:				Project:				S = Satisfac	tory	* - See Notes	on Form C
Stop Time:								D = Deficier	nt		
					Special F	eature or	Conditio	ns			
Reference code	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	S7	S8	S9	S10	S11
Additional Special Maintenance Inspection Criterial	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.	Add special inspection requirements in addition to Form A here.
BMP ID:		`							,		Ac
Office Use: Complete:			Issues Corre	ctive Action: _				Re-Inspection	n Required: _		

Form C Storm Water Quality Feature Maintenence Check List - Inspection Notes -

Date:	Inspector:
	Project:
	Address:

	Reference	
BMP ID:	Code	Notes

Page	of	
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RECORDING REQUESTED BY AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

City of Se	ebastopol
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Attn:

Sebastopol, California

STANDARD MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING AGREEMENT STORMWATER BMP FACILITIES MAINTENANCE/MONITORING AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is made and entered into this day of 20, by and between Sebastopol Pacific Associates (Landowner), and City of Sebastopol (City)

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Landowner is the owner of certain real property described in Exhibit A, attached hereto and incorporated as though fully set forth herein (Property); and

WHEREAS, Landowner has submitted an application and development plan (Plan) for the Property within the City of Santa Rosa, for which Landowner has received final approval from the City, which Plan is incorporated as though fully set for the herein; and

WHEREAS, The North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board NPDES Permit, Order #31-2009-0050, requires City to implement and enforce specific requirements for construction and maintenance of onsite stormwater management/Best Management Practices (BMP) for public and private construction; and

WHEREAS, City requires that on-site stormwater management/BMP facilities shall be constructed and maintained by Landowner in accordance with Plan specifications.

WHEREAS, the Plan provides for Bio-retention and Volume Capture BMP's; and

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing recitals, the mutual covenants contained herein, and the following terms and conditions, the parties agree as follows:

- 1. The on-site stormwater management/BMP facilities shall be constructed by Landowner in accordance with the Plan specifications.
- 2. Landowner shall maintain the stormwater management/BMP facilities in good work condition acceptable to the City.

- 3. Landowner hereby grants permission to City, its authorized agents and employees, to enter upon the property and to inspect the stormwater management/BMP facilities whenever City deems necessary. The purpose of the inspection is to assure safe and proper functioning of the facilities. The inspection shall cover the entire facilities, including any berms, inlet and outlet structures, vegetation, infiltration media, pond areas, access roads, et cetera. If deficiencies are noted, City shall notify Landowner and provide the inspection findings and evaluations. (and cure requirements?)
- 4. Landowner hereby grants permission to City, its authorized agents, employees, and consultants to enter upon the property to install, operate and maintain equipment to monitor the flow characteristics and pollutant content of the influent, effluent and intermediate points in the facilities. Landowner further agrees to design and construct the facility to provide access for monitoring as outlined in Storm Water Mitigation Plan and/or in the manufacturer manual for the BMP.
- 5. Landowner will perform maintenance and an annual maintenance inspection in accordance with the maintenance schedule for the stormwater management/BMP facilities, including sediment removal, as outlined in the Plan and the following specific requirements:

Maintenance of the following BMP(s)

Shall conform to the approved Plan's maintenance requirements, all requirements contained in (cite handbooks) and/or specific maintenance requirements established by the manufacturer as approved by (City dept.) prior to the release of the final plans. Specific manufacturer maintenance requirements for the BMP will be submitted to the City.

- 6. In the event Landowner fails to maintain the stormwater management/BMP facilities in good working condition acceptable to City, City may enter upon the Property and take whatever steps it deems reasonably necessary to maintain the stormwater management/BMP facilities. This provision shall not be construed to allow City to erect any structure of a permanent nature on the Property outside of an easement in favor of City. It is expressly understood and agreed that City is under no obligation to maintain or repair facilities, and in no event shall this Agreement be construed to impose such an obligation on City.
- 7. In the event that City, pursuant to this Agreement, performs work of any nature, or expends any funds in the performance of such work for labor, use of equipment, supplies, materials, and the like, due to the failure of Landowner to perform such maintenance or work, Landowner shall reimburse City within 30 days of receipt of notice of all costs incurred by the City to undertake such work. If Landowner fails to reimburse City for these costs within 30 days, City shall have a lien against the property in the amount of such costs, plus the legal rate of interest for judgments, and

- may enforce the lien in the same manner a lien for real property taxes may be enforced.
- 8. Landowner shall indemnify, defend and hold harmless City and its employees, officials, and agents, from and against any liability, (including liability for claims, suits, actins arbitration proceedings, administrative proceedings, regulatory proceedings, losses, expenses or costs of any kind, whether actual, alleged or threatened, interest, defense costs, and expert witness fees), where same results from or arises out of the construction, presence existence, or maintenance of the stormwater management/BMP facilities or the performance of this Agreement by Landowner, its officers, employees, agents, and sub-contractors, excepting only that resulting from the sole, active negligence or intentional misconduct of City, its employees, officials, or agents. This indemnification obligation is not limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages or compensation payable to or for Landowner or its agents under workers' compensation acts, disability benefits acts or other employees' benefits acts. In the event a claim is asserted against City, its agents or employees', City shall promptly notify landowner. Thereafter, Landowner shall defend at its own expense any suite based upon such claim. If any judgment or claim against the City, its agents or employees', shall be entered, Landowner shall pay all costs and expenses in connection therewith.
- 9. If any provisions of the Agreement shall be held to be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provision shall not in anyway be affected or impaired thereby.
- 10. This Agreement shall be governed according to the laws of the State of California. Because this Agreement is to be performed in the County of Sonoma, the parties hereto agree that the forum for the adjudication of any dispute regarding the Agreement or enforcement shall be brought exclusively and solely in Sonoma County, California.
- 11. City and Landowner each binds itself, its partners, successors, legal representatives and assigns to the other party to this Agreement and to the partners, successors, legal representatives and assigns of such other parties with respect to all promises and agreements contained herein.
- 12. This Agreement shall be recorded, and shall constitute a covenant running with the land, or equitable servitude, and shall be binding upon and insure to the benefit of Landowner's successors and assigns.

THE CITY OF SEBASTOPOL LANDOWNER: By: _____ By: _____ Name: _____ Title: _____ ATTEST: _____ By: _____ Name:_____ Assistant City Clerk Title: _____ APPROVED AS TO FORM By: _____ Name: _____ By: _____ Title: _____ City Attorney's Office

Attachments:

Exhibit A – Property Description

Notary Acknowledgment